SEX BY SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS FOR THE POPULATION

16 TO 19 YEARS

Universe: Population 16 to 19 years

2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Tell us what you think. Provide feedback to help make American Community Survey data more useful for you.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

		Alaska	
1		Estimate	Margin of Error
29	Total:	39,247	+/-2,261
of :: 29 :: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Male:	22,086	+/-1,803
	Enrolled in school:	17,190	+/-1,577
	Employed	3,586	+/-788
	Unemployed	1,486	+/-673
	Not in labor force	12,118	+/-1,461
	Not enrolled in school:	4,896	+/-809
	High school graduate (includes equivalency):	4,117	+/-740
	Employed	2,321	+/-630
	Unemployed	705	+/-373
	Not in labor force	1,091	+/-445
	Not high school graduate:	779	+/-286
	Employed	156	+/-112
	Unemployed	119	+/-85
	Not in labor force	504	+/-241
	Female:	17,161	+/-1,735
	Enrolled in school:	12,699	+/-1,566
	Employed	3,535	+/-870
	Unemployed	725	+/-355
	Not in labor force	8,439	+/-1,318
	Not enrolled in school:	4,462	+/-805
	High school graduate (includes equivalency):	3,902	+/-791
	Employed	2,532	+/-789
	Unemployed	593	+/-391
	Not in labor force	777	+/-251
	Not high school graduate:	560	+/-308
	Employed	47	+/-54
	Unemployed	22	+/-46
	Not in labor force	491	+/-301

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

## Explanation of Symbols:

An "\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "\*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

While the 2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.